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MORE CANAL DEBATE.

Senator Money Criticizes the Last Hay-Pauncefote Treaty.

MORGAN BILL FAVORABLY REPORTED.

In His Report Senator Morgan Gives Reasons Why an Attempt Was Made to Unload the Panama Project on Uncle Sam.

Washington, Dec. 12.—When the senate met Mr. Allison from the committee on appropriation favorably reported on a bill relating to the consideration of the concurrent resolution adopted by the house providing for a holiday recess from Dec. 19 to Jan. 6, 1902, and it was agreed to.

Mr. Hoar introduced, and the senate adopted a resolution directing the committee on printing to consider the expediency of providing for the free distribution of the congressional record to libraries throughout the country.

Mr. Mason from the committee on manufacturers submitted a favorable report on a bill relating to the adulteration of food products and addressed the senate briefly criticizing certain products which had come under the observation of the committee.

At 1 p. m. the senate went into executive session to further consider the Hay-Pauncefote treaty.

Senator Money (Miss.) made a speech giving his views on the treaty. He said he would not delay ratification but that he considered some of the features of the treaty objectionable. His principal criticism was that this treaty, like the original Hay-Pauncefote convention, fails to furnish sufficient guaranty of American control of the proposed Nicaragua canal.

Senator Foraker followed Senator Money. He urged the speedy ratification of the treaty and contended that it meets all the objections made in the senate to the previous treaty.

The senate committee on isthmian canals authorized a favorable report upon Senator Morgan's bill providing for the acquisition from Nicaragua and Costa Rica of the right of way via the Nicaragua route. Senator Morgan later presented this report to the senate, accompanying the return of the bill with a voluminous report upon the general subject of a canal across the isthmus. Action on the bill providing for the construction of the canal was deferred.

Senator Morgan's report covers more than 500 pages of printed matter and deals with many of the questions connected with the construction of the canal, including a thorough inquiry into the attitude of Great Britain upon the subject and the different canal routes. He also discusses the relationship of the Pan-American Canal company to the construction by the United States of a waterway across the isthmus, and while he makes reference to a letter written by President Huntin of the Panama company to Secretary of State Hay, he does not give the text of the communication.

Mr. Morgan says the letter to Secretary Hay was dated Nov. 22, and that it was written after Admiral Walker as president of this commission, closed his correspondence with Mr. Huntin relating to the sale of the Panama canal, and adds: "The letter to Mr. Hay with the appendices, thereto, and the memoranda that accompanied it, is an attack on the president of the commission, replete with false assumptions and perversions of fact, and is evidently intended to create a side issue, the debate upon which it is hoped by M. Huntin will delay, if it does not defeat the final action of congress in providing for the construction of any new canal. This proceeding and the placing of this correspondence in the hands of the president of the United States by M. Huntin with a request that it be communicated to congress, is but a continuation of the presumptuous and offensive proposition previously made by the Panama Canal company. This company, in a previous administration, succeeded in obtaining the resignation of a secretary of the navy to accept a nominal position in its service at a large salary and expended \$1,500,000 in New York chiefly in acquiring the aid of leading business houses in promoting the De Lesseps plan without a dollar of stock being subscribed in that city. The desperate financial straits of the new Panama Canal company compelled it to make overtures to the United States and its agents became accordingly aggressive in this effort."

Speaking of the canal project itself, Senator Morgan says the failure to construct such canal would cause national despair and adds: "For 50 years the power of the British government and combinations in the United States aided by France, have defeated all efforts to open an American canal." He declares the Clayton-Bulwer treaty was an injustice. Great Britain's control of the Mosquito coast was a pretense and held us in leash until con-

trol of the Suez canal could be effected. If no other course is open the Clayton-Bulwer treaty should be abrogated by congress.

MacArthur Goes to Denver.
Washington, Dec. 12.—Major General MacArthur, who has been stationed in this city recently as a member of the board on army posts and was a member of the army provost board, has been ordered to Denver, to assume command of the department of the Colorado, vice Brigadier General H. C. Merriam, retired.

MUST BE THE MARK.
Galveston In Default But Interest Will Not Be Reduced.

New York, Dec. 12.—A conference of Galveston's bondholders will be held in this city Dec. 17 to discuss what steps are necessary to meet Galveston's financial difficulties. Galveston has failed to pay interest on some of its bonds, and the default was made Dec. 1, when the city was unable to meet the interest on the 40-year limited debt bonds of 1881. A committee representing the city of Galveston will be present at the conference.

Since the storm the amount paid out in interest to bondholders was \$100,000, in addition to this about \$40,000 of bonds were retired. This is the statement of representatives of the city which lost thousands of lives and property estimated at about \$17,000,000. Realizing several months ago that the city could not meet its indebtedness an effort was made to fund the debt at a lower rate of interest and legislation looking to this end was secured. Resulting from this was the opening of negotiations with the bondholders and a proposition was submitted to them. The result of this proposition was the reply from a representative of the bondholders holding out no hope of a reduction of interest, but only a postponement, and this only in case it was absolutely necessary.

Dowie Laid Hands on Stevenson.

Chicago, Dec. 12.—"Dr." John Alexander Dowie, head of the Christian Catholic church, was the center of attraction in Judge Tuley's court, where the suit for a receivership for his Zion lace industries is being heard. Dowie was accompanied by a considerable body guard and made known his intention of going on the stand during the suit. The testimony offered by Samuel Stevenson, Dowie's brother-in-law, was largely on the subject of his courtship with Dowie's sister. Stevenson said Dowie inquired into his affairs of heart and induced him to lay suit for the sister's hand. He also testified that he did not desire to come to America to embark in a new business adventure, but that Dowie prevailed upon him by glowing description of the wealth to be amassed in the lace industries. At last, Stevenson said, he was induced by much praying and laying on of hands to invest his capital.

Three Little Skaters Drowned.

New York, Dec. 12.—Three children of Tunis Pass, an employee of a steel manufacturing company at Pompton Lake, N. J., were drowned in a small body of water near their home known as Slater's pond. The children were Clara, Lizzie and Benjamin, respectively 16, 12 and 10. While they were skating the ice cracked and before they could get to a place of safety they were plunged into the water. Their screams attracted attention of persons on shore but all three disappeared under the ice before aid reached them.

Committee on Anarchy.

Washington, Dec. 12.—The judiciary committee of the house authorized Chairman Ray to appoint a special sub-committee to consider to many bills offered to punish attacks on the president and vice presidents and to deal with anarchists and anarchy. The special committee when named will make a thorough investigation of the powers of congress to deal with this subject and will report a measure providing adequate punishments and restrictions.

Dr. Krause Up Again.

London, Dec. 12.—In the Bow street police court the prosecution concluded its case against Dr. Krause, ex-governor of Johannesburg, accused of high treason and inciting to murder. Counsel for the prisoner announced that he reserved his defense and Dr. Krause was again remanded until Dec. 18, when he will be committed for the January assizes on the charge of having incited Cornelius Broeksma to murder Douglas Foster.

Want Sugar Bounties Abolished.

Brussels, Dec. 12.—At a meeting of sugar manufacturers in anticipation of the forthcoming international sugar conference, it was decided to oppose any international convention which does not entirely abolish direct and indirect bounties on sugar everywhere.

President of Switzerland.

Berne, Switzerland, Dec. 12.—Dr. Joseph Zempf of Lucerne, vice president of the federal council, has been elected president of Swiss confederation for 1902. Dr. Zempf is a Catholic Conservative.

SOME VIGOROUS TALK.

Labor Delegates Discuss Matters of Importance to Toilers.

REPORT OF GOMPERS WAS RATIFIED.

General Debate Followed In Which Enforcement of Laws to Prohibit Child Labor Was Advocated. Some Resolutions Adopted.

Scranton, Pa., Dec. 12.—Reports from committees was the order of business at the Thursday sessions of the American Federation of Labor, and as the several committees held meetings Wednesday afternoon and night there was a huge volume of business to claim the attention of the delegates. David Black of Cincinnati, presented the report of the committee to which the president's report was referred immediately after roll call and the reading of it consumed considerable time. Nearly all the recommendations in President Gompers' annual report were endorsed by the committee and ratified by the convention.

In regard to the general defense fund, the committee suggested that such a fund should be collected by local and national unions rather than by the federation, as suggested by President Gompers. There was a general debate on various subjects touched upon by the committee report. D. A. Hays, national president of the Glass Bottle blowers and Max Hayes of the Cleveland Central Labor union made vigorous speeches for the enforcement of laws prohibiting child labor mentioned in the report.

The looked for conflict between the trade unionists and the Socialists in the convention was almost precipitated by a motion to incorporate in the minutes a list of decisions by the federal and state supreme courts against organized labor, which was read by Max Hayes in his speech.

President Gompers in a brief speech said that if the list was incorporated in the minutes there should also be a list of the unions printed along with it. He vigorously denounced the "attempt to stamp trade unionism a failure," as an outrage. W. R. Wilson, national secretary and treasurer of the miners, spoke in the same vein, but no reply was made and the motion was laid aside.

Among the resolutions adopted were these. That unions in the several states urge the passage of laws to compel constructors of machinery to cover all dangerous parts in such a way as to protect employees working with and around machinery and calling on government officials to enforce the eight hour law on government in private shipyards.

Accused of Postoffice Robbery.

Toledo, Dec. 12.—Eight men were arrested here on the charge of being implicated in the postoffice robbery at Milligan, Mich. They are: Stephen Malone, Detroit; Joe Dunn, Toledo; Frank Gordon, Lima; Edward Barry, Lima; John Henry, Toledo; William Weber, Phillip Lytle and Ed Price, from all over. The officers are reticent as to the evidence against these men but say they have been shadowing the gang for some time.

Indiana Colony In Texas.

Fort Worth, Tex., Dec. 12.—L. F. Wilson of Kansas City, who formerly of this state, has just closed a deal with a colonization company of Indianapolis, to which he transferred 60,000 acres of land in Archer county. So far 20 families have settled there and it is the purpose of the Indiana company to locate 400 families from Missouri and Indiana in the same district. The new colony will try diversification of crops.

Stole His Wedding Funds.

Rumford Falls, Me., Dec. 12.—Levi Garrett, a young French Canadian, is in a critical condition at his home here as the result of knife wounds received at the hands of highwaymen. The robbers secured \$150 Garrett had drawn from the bank to defray the expenses of his wedding, which was to have taken place Thursday. The assailants escaped. Police have no clew.

Storm on English Channel.

London, Dec. 12.—A fierce gale swept the English and Irish channels. Many vessels were obliged to seek shelter and lifeboats were busy rescuing small craft. Dover experienced the full force of the storm and numbers of ships off shore ran up signals of distress. A Belgian fishing smack foundered in the North sea resulting in the drowning of 14 persons.

Ammon Gets Clear.

New York, Dec. 12.—The criminal proceedings against Robert A. Ammon, an attorney, growing out of his relations with William F. Miller of the "520 per cent Franklin syndicate" were dismissed by a local magistrate. Ammon was charged with having received \$100,000 of the syndicate money, but the complainant failed to appear to press the charges.

Working For the Big Sandy's Improvement.

[Big Sandy News.]

Congressman Kehoe is showing a greater interest in Big Sandy river improvement than has ever been evidenced by any other Representative from this district. He is going about it in that same thorough, practical manner that characterizes all his work. How could he better prepare himself for the effort than by going over the ground and personally examining our great resource? The knowledge gained in this way will be worth more than all he can acquire by reading and hearsay. The improvement of Big Sandy is no bunco game, and the closer inspection we can get from officials the more readily they will appropriate funds.

KENTUCKY CROPS.

Corn But Little More Than Half an Average. Wheat Prospects Not Good—Burley Tobacco of Poor Quality.

State Commissioner of Agriculture Nall, in his final "round up" for the year, says:

"Corn is figured at 52 per cent. of an average crop, while the quality is given at 59 per cent., the almost universal complaint being that it is light and chaffy, and badly worm eaten. The scant crop of corn, even with the efforts made to secure a larger amount of other provender, would be insufficient to carry over the usual numbers of live stock, but the estimates given by correspondents show that numbers of all classes of domestic live stock are from ten to thirty-three per cent. below the numbers last year and perhaps somewhat lower as compared with the ten years average. This shows that farmers have trimmed down to suit the scanty crop of corn. This is especially true of swine which are reported at 67 per cent. of last year's supply.

"Wheat sowing was continued until quite late. Some sown as late as November 15th. The ground in many parts of the State has been too dry for thorough preparation, and the condition as a whole can not be said to be the best. The late sown wheat is not all up yet and the continued dry weather was very unfavorable to it. There is some complaint of fly having appeared, but this is not so generally observed as was the case last year at this time, and the probabilities of escape from disastrous ravages from this pest are flattering. From indications the crop will not be a record-breaker, even with the best of conditions from now until harvest.

"Tobacco, while pretty well up to an average in quality in the western part of the State, falls below in the Central and Eastern sections. Burley is reported very poor in quality in most of the bluegrass counties, and in the mountain sections. It is curing up with green spots or blotches, which injures the quality and makes buyers more critical. The weather has been unfavorable for stripping, and the new crop is not being marketed as soon as usual.

"The general condition of live stock is still below the average—due mostly to disease among cattle following their being turned into the stalk-fields where it is supposed they eat the corn smut, and, as it is a poison, causing a disease resembling "black leg." Some scientific investigations have been undertaken to prove this, but it is claimed failed to trace the trouble to corn smut. However, the disease develops when the cattle are turned on the stalk-fields, and ceases when they are removed, though often the losses may be due to impaction of the stomach from greedily swallowing too much of the immature fodder, which this year was dried up on the early corn and much of it frosted on the late.

ROSY FOR ROBERTS.

The Lexington Editor Will Likely be Re-appointed Collector of This District.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 11.—Senator Deboe called on the President this morning with Internal Revenue Collector Sam J. Roberts and Surveyor of the Port of Louisville Barnett, both of whom he earnestly recommends for reappointment.

It seems settled that Collector Roberts will be reappointed and the indications seem to favor Barnett, despite the candidacy of General Dan Collier.

Rev. J. C. Johnson is engaged in a protracted meeting at Benson M. E. Church, South, in Harrison County, and at last accounts had from seventy-five to one hundred conversions. He held a very successful meeting at Dover last spring.

EXPIATED HIS CRIME

Murderer Left This World Through Trap-door of a Scaffold.

SIGHT OF THE GIBBET SHOCKED HIM.

Burly Negro Despoiled a Bride In a Brutal Manner and Murdered Her Husband When He Came to Her Rescue.

Uniontown, Pa., Dec. 12.—William Allen was hanged in the jail. Death was caused by strangulation and life was pronounced extinct in 12 minutes. As he ascended the scaffold he threw back his head and exclaimed: "My God." These were his only words. Fully 1,500 people were jammed into the jail yard to witness the execution.

The crime for which Allen paid the death penalty was committed at the H. C. Frick coke company's Wynn works April 26. Hiram McMillan, a middle-aged man had come from Preston county, W. Va., in search of work, bringing with him a young bride. They found temporary quarters at the shanty of a man named Kenney and while there the first night, William Allen a big, burly negro, stalked in and insulted Mrs. McMillan. She resisted, but Allen forced her outside the shanty at the point of a revolver and assaulted her. McMillan attempted to interfere to save his wife, but Allen fatally shot him in the abdomen. Allen was arrested, tried at the June term and convicted of murder in the first degree. Since his conviction he maintained indifference to his fate, though he submitted to being baptised in the jail Monday.

Filipino to Be Hanged.

Washington, Dec. 12.—A military commission headed by Major Henry S. Turill, surgeon, sentenced Juan Olivar, a Filipino, to be hanged. Olivar was the leader of a band of Ladrone, which made an attack upon the house of Theodore Labrador, president of Minea, Panay, and captured him, his brother, wife, grandmother, godmother, small daughter and a policeman. The grandmother and godmother and daughter were shot to death in the vicinity of the capture; Labrador, his wife and the policeman were taken to an isolated spot and killed with bolos. The brother made his escape. Incidentally Olivar and his band robbed Labrador of 78 carts, 800 pesos and other articles.

Switchmen Arrested.

Pittsburg, Dec. 12.—John Garing and Patrick Finn, two striking switchmen were held for court on the charge of malicious mischief. It was alleged that they threw an automatic switch on the Allegheny and Buffalo division of the Pennsylvania railroad for the purpose of wrecking a passenger train. The men were seen about the Twentieth street yards near the automatic switch and later were seen hurriedly leaving the place. An examination showed that the switch had been tampered with. Officers at once started in pursuit of the men and they were captured after a long chase. They denied the charge but were held for court by Magistrate McMasters.

Washington's Mystery.

Washington, Dec. 12.—The mystery of the assault made upon Mrs. Ada Gilbert, Dennis, the fashionable modiste, Tuesday, is still baffling the police. No tangible clue has yet been found and despite the investigation of a large corps of headquarters detectives, no motive for the crime has been discovered. At the hospital it was stated that if no complications set in Mrs. Dennis will recover. The main apprehension is that cerebral meningitis may develop. Her skull already has been trepanned. She is conscious at intervals, but so far has not talked rationally.

Self-Confessed Forger Sentenced.

Indianapolis, Dec. 12.—John Verrall pleaded guilty to forgery in the criminal court and received a sentence of from two to 14 years at the Michigan City prison. Verrall recently delivered himself to the police. He declared he had forged in nearly every city in the country. The police in none of the other cities where he said he had operated seemed anxious to have him.

Roosevelt's Secretary Wed.

Albany, N. Y., Dec. 12.—The marriage of Miss Katharine W. Dorr of this city and William Loeb, jr., secretary to President Roosevelt, took place at the Emanuel Baptist church in this city. The ceremony was attended only by the members of the families of the bride and bridegroom. Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt presented the bride a diamond brooch.

St. Johns, N. F., Dec. 12.—The trial balloon used by William Marconi the inventor of wireless telegraphy who is here conducting experiments with his system, broke from its moorings and drove away seaward. The inventor was prepared for such an emergency by having another balloon ready.